BSR&Co.LLP

Chartered Accountants

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Directors of Syngene International Limited

Report on the Audit of Special Purpose Indian Accounting Standards ('Ind AS') Financial Statements of Syngene USA Inc.

Opinion

We have audited the Special Purpose Ind AS Financial Statements of Syngene USA Inc. ("the Company"), which comprise the balance sheet as at 31 March 2019, and the statement of profit and loss (including other comprehensive income), statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the Special Purpose Ind AS Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "Ind AS Financial Statements"). The Ind AS financial statements have been prepared by the Management in accordance with Note 1.2(a) on the basis of the preparation of the Ind AS financial statements.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Ind AS Financial Statements give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31 March 2019, and profit and other comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act"). Our responsibilities under those SAs are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's Responsibility for the Ind AS Financial Statements

The Company's Management and Board of Directors are responsible for the preparation of these Ind AS Financial Statements that give a true and fair view of the state of affairs, profit/loss and other comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the basis of preparation as set out in Note 1.2(a) to the special purpose Ind AS Financial Statements.

Syngene International Limited

Independent Auditor's Report (continued)

Management's Responsibility for the Ind AS Financial Statements (continued)

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Ind AS Financial Statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Ind AS Financial Statements, Management and Board of Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Ind AS Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Ind AS Financial Statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Ind AS Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our Auditor's Report to the related disclosures in the Ind AS Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our Auditor's Report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

Syngene International Limited

Independent Auditor's Report (continued)

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements (continued)

Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Ind AS Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Ind AS Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Basis of Accounting and Restriction on Use

We draw attention to Note 1.2(a) to the Ind AS financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. As a result, the Ind AS financial statements may not be suitable for another purpose.

for BSR & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration Number: 101248W/W-100022

Sampad Guha Thakurta

Partner

Membership Number: 060573

Place: Bengaluru Date: 24 April 2019

Balance sheet as at 31 March 2019

(All amounts are in US Dollars, except share data and per share data, unless otherwise stated)

ASSETS	<u>Note</u>	31 March 2019	31 March 2018
Current assets			
Financial assets			
Trade receivables	3	. <u>.</u>	20 574
Cash and cash equivalents	4	197,232	39,574
Other financial assets	5	35,966	141,893
Total current assets		233,198	191 467
4.6			181,467
Total assets		233,198	181,467
		205/250	101,40/
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity		•	
Equity share capital	6	50,000	50.000
Other equity	7	130,514	50,000
Total equity	•	180,514	39,063
		100,314	89,063
Current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
Trade payables	8	46,514	70.050
Income tax liabilities	_	40,314	70,950
Other current liabilities	9	6,170	13,725
Total current liabilities	•	52,684	7,729
e e		32,004	92,404
Total equity and liabilities		233,198	101 867
		233,198	181,467

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the special purpose financial statements.

As per our report of even date attached

for BSR&Co.LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm registration number: 101248W/W-100022

for and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Syngene USA Inc

Sampad Guha Thakurta

Partner

Membership number: 060573

Bengaluru 24 April 2019 Johathan-Hunt Director

M.B. chinappa Director



Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31 March 2019

(All amounts are in US Dollars, except share data and per share data, unless otherwise stated)

	<u>Note</u>	Year ended 31 March 2019	For the period 24 August 2017 to 31 March 2018
Income			
Revenue from operations	10	1,440,197	
Total income	 , .	1,440,197	580,667
		1,440,197	580,667
Expenses			·
Employee benefits expense			
Other expenses	11	1,082,986	425,903
Total expenses	12	226,285	101,976
•	_	1,309,271	527,879
Profit before tax			
· _		130,926	52,788
Tax expense		20.475	
St. Charles		39,475	13,725
Profit for the year/period		91,451	39,063
Comings	=		55,003
Earnings per equity share	18		
Basic and diluted (in USD)		182.90	78.13
Weighted average no. of shares in calculating earnings per s	hare	500	500
			300

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the special purpose financial statements.

As per our report of even date attached

for BSR&Co.LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm registration number: 101248W/W-100022

for and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Syngene USA Inc

Sampad Guha Thakurta

Partner

Membership number: 060573

Bengaluru

24 April 2019

Jonathan Hunt Director

4M.B. Chinappa Director

Bengaluru

24 April 2019



Statement of cash flows for the year ended 31 March 2019

(All amounts are in US Dollars, except share data and per share data, unless otherwise stated)

*		Year ended 31 March 2019	For the period 24 August 2017 to 31 March 2018
1	Cash flows from operating activities		
	Profit for the year/ period		
*	Adjustments to reconcile profit before tax to net cash flows	91,451	39,063
	Tax expense	39,475	45 70=
	Operating profit before working capital changes	130,926	13,725 52,788
	Movements in working capital		,
	Decrease/(increase) in trade receivables	20.524	4
	Decrease/(increase) in other financial assets	39,574	(39,574)
	(Decrease)/increase in trade payable and other liabilities	(35,966)	-
	Cash generated from operations	(25,995)	78,679
	Income taxes paid	108,539	91,893
• •	Net cash flow generated from operating activities	(53,200)	
		55,339	91,893
11	Cash flows from financing activities		
	Proceeds from issuance of share capital		
.*	Net cash flow from financing activities		50,000
	•		50,000
Ш	Net increase in cash and cash equivalents (I + II)	55,339	141,893
IV ·	Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year/period	141,893	-
V	Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year/period (III+ IV)	197,232	141,893
(1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	Components of cash and cash equivalents as at the end of the year/period Balances with banks - on current accounts		
		197,232	141,893
, * * * **	otal cash and cash equivalents [refer note 4]	197,232	141,893

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the special purpose financial statements.

As per our report of even date attached

for BSR&Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm registration number: 101248W/W-100022

for and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Syngene USA Inc

Sampad Guha Thakurta

Partner

Membership number: 060573

Jonathan Hunt Director

M.B. Ghinappa

Director

Bengaluru 24 April 2019

Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31 March 2019

(All amounts are in US Dollars, except share data and per share data, unless otherwise stated)

A. Equity share capital	31 March 2019	31 March 2018
Opening balance	50,000	
Changes in equity share capital during the year	30,000	-
	<u> </u>	50,000
Closing balance	50,000	50,000
		30,000

B. Other equity (refer note 7)

Particulars Particulars	Retained earnings	Total other equity
Balance as at 24 August 2017	- The second sec	Total Other equity
Profit for the period	39,063	-
Balance as at 31 March 2018	39,063	39,063
Profit for the year		39,063
	91,451	91,451
Balance as at 31 March 2019	130,514	130,514

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the special purpose financial statements.

As per our report of even date attached

for BSR&Co.LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm registration number: 101248W/W-100022

for and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Syngene USA Inc

Sampad Guha Thakurta

Partner

Membership number: 060573

Bengaluru 24 April 2019 Director

M.B. Chinappa

Director



1 Company Overview

1.1 Reporting Entity

Syngene USA Inc ("the Company"), wholly owned subsidiary of Syngene International Limited, was incorporated on August 24, 2017, with registered office in the state of Delaware, the United States of America. The Company was incorporated to provide marketing and business development support services to Syngene International Limited, India in USA and other Global markets.

1.2 Basis of Preparation of financial statements

a) Statement of compliance

The special purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) as per the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 notified under Section 133 of Companies Act, 2013, (the 'Act') and other relevant provisions of the Act.

These financial statements have been prepared for inclusion in the annual report of the holding company, Syngene International Limited under the requirements of Section 129(3), of the Companies Act 2013.

These financial statements have been prepared for the Company as a going concern on the basis of relevant Ind AS that are effective at the Company's annual reporting date, 31 March 2019.

Details of the Company's accounting policies are included in Note 2.

b) Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in US Dollars (USD), which is also the functional currency of the Company.

c) Basis of measurement

These financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, except for the certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at fair value.

d) Use of estimates and judgements

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires management to make estimates, judgements and assumptions. These estimates, judgements and assumptions affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Accounting estimates could change from period to period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Appropriate changes in estimates are made as management becomes aware of changes in circumstances surrounding the estimates. Changes in estimates are reflected in the financial statements in the period in which changes are made and, if material, their effects are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

Judgements

Information about judgements made in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effects on the amounts recognized in the financial statements is included in the following notes:

Note 1.2(b) — Assessment of functional currency;

Note 2(a) and 14 —Financial instruments:

Note 2(d) and 16 —Provision for income taxes;





1.3 Measurement of fair values

A number of the Company's accounting policies and disclosures require the measurement of fair values, for both financial and non-financial assets and liabilities.

Fair values are categorised into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the inputs used in the valuation techniques as follows.

- Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

When measuring the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company uses observable market data as far as possible. If the inputs used to measure the fair value of an asset or a liability fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy, then the fair value measurement is categorised in its entirety in the same level of the fair value hierarchy as the lowest level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

The Company recognises transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy at the end of the reporting period during which the change has occurred.

Further information about the assumptions made in measuring fair values is included in note 2(a) and 14 – financial instruments.

2 Significant Accounting Policies

a. Financial instruments

i. Recognition and initial measurement

Trade receivables are initially recognised when they are originated. All other financial assets and financial liabilities are initially recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

A financial asset or financial liability is initially measured at fair value plus, for an item not at fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL), transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition or issue.

ii. Classification and subsequent measurement

Financial assets

On initial recognition, a financial asset is classified as measured at

- amortised cost;
- FVOCI debt investment;
- FVOCI equity investment; or
- FVTPL

Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition, except if and in the period the Company changes its business model for managing financial assets.





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2019

A financial asset is measured at amortised cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL:

- the asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

A debt investment is measured at FVOCI if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL:

- the asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets; and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

All financial assets not classified as measured at amortised cost as described above are measured at FVTPL. This includes all derivative financial assets. On initial recognition, the Company may irrevocably designate a financial asset that otherwise meets the requirements to be measured at amortised cost or at FVOCI as at FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch that would otherwise arise.

Financial assets: Subsequent measurement and gains and losses

Financial assets at FVTPL	These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Net gains and losses, including any interest or dividend income, are recognised in statement of profit and loss.
Financial assets at amortised cost	These assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The amortised cost is reduced by impairment losses. Interest income, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognised in statement of profit and loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is recognised in statement of profit and loss.
Debt investments at FVOCI	These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Interest income under the effective interest method, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognised in statement of profit and loss. Other net gains and losses are recognised in OCI. On derecognition, gains and losses accumulated in OCI are reclassified to statement of profit and loss.
Equity investments at FVOCI	These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Dividends are recognised as income in statement of profit and loss unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Other net gains and losses are recognised in OCI and are not reclassified to statement of profit and loss.

Financial liabilities: Classification, subsequent measurement and gains and losses

Financial liabilities are classified as measured at amortised cost or FVTPL. A financial liability is classified as at FVTPL if it is classified as held- for- trading, or it is a derivative or it is designated as such on initial recognition. Financial liabilities at FVTPL are measured at fair value and net gains and losses, including any interest expense, are recognised in statement of profit and loss. Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense and foreign exchange gains and losses are recognised in statement of profit and loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is also recognised in statement of profit and loss.





iii. Derecognition

Financial assets

The Company derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred or in which the Company neither transfers nor retains substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership and does not retain control of the financial asset.

If the Company enters into transactions whereby it transfers assets recognised on its balance sheet, but retains either all or substantially all of the risks and rewards of the transferred assets, the transferred assets are not derecognised.

Financial liabilities

The Company derecognises a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled, or expire.

The Company also derecognises a financial liability when its terms are modified and the cash flows under the modified terms are substantially different. In this case, a new financial liability based on the modified terms is recognised at fair value. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability extinguished and the new financial liability with modified terms is recognised in statement of profit and loss.

iv. Offsetting

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the balance sheet when, and only when, the Company currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the amounts and it intends either to settle them on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

v. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalent in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and short-term deposits, as defined above, net of outstanding bank overdrafts as they are considered an integral part of the Company's cash management.

b. Provisions

A provision is recognised if, as a result of a past event, the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation that can be estimated reliably, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. Provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows (representing the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the balance sheet date) at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The unwinding of the discount is recognised as finance cost. Expected future operating losses are not provided for.

Onerous contracts

A contract is considered to be onerous when the expected economic benefits to be derived by the Company from the contract are lower than the unavoidable cost of meeting its obligations under the contract. The provision for an onerous contract is measured at the present value of the lower of the expected cost of terminating the contract and the expected net cost of continuing with the contract. Before such a provision is made, the Company recognises any impairment loss on the assets associated with that contract.





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2019

c. Revenue

Sale of services

Revenue from marketing and business development support services is recognized based on a "cost plus" basis and is billed in accordance with the terms of the arrangement with the parent company, when the services are performed.

d. Income taxes

Income tax comprises current and deferred income tax. Income tax expense is recognised in statement of profit and loss except to the extent that it relates to an item recognised directly in equity in which case it is recognised in other comprehensive income. Current income tax for current year and prior periods is recognised at the amount expected to be paid or recovered from the tax authorities, using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are recognised for all temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements except when:

- taxable temporary differences arising on the initial recognition of goodwill;
- temporary differences arising on the initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination and that affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss at the time of transaction;
- temporary differences related to investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint arrangements to the extent that the Company is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that they will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect of changes in tax rates on deferred income tax assets and liabilities is recognised as income or expense in the period that includes the enactment or substantive enactment date. A deferred income tax assets is recognised to the extent it is probable that future taxable income will be available against which the deductible temporary timing differences and tax losses can be utilised. The Company offsets income-tax assets and liabilities, where it has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and where it intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

e. Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is computed using the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period adjusted for treasury shares held. Diluted earnings per share is computed using the weighted-average number of equity and dilutive equivalent shares outstanding during the period, using the treasury stock method for options and warrants, except where the results would be anti-dilutive.



March 711	9			
Notes to financials statements for the year ended 31 March 201 (All amounts are in US Dollars, except share data and per share	~ data, unless otherwise state	d 1		
	state	- ,	31 March 2019	21 88
3. Trade receivables			92 March 2019	31 March 2018
Unsecured, considered good (refer note 13)				W. *
A service Book (refer tote 13)				39,57
				39,57
4. Cash and cash equivalents				
Balances with banks:	•			
On current accounts			197,232	141.00
•			197,232	141,893 141,893
5. Other financial assets				2,72,000
Unbilled revenue			35,966	_
			35,966	
6. Equity share capital				
Authorised 5 000 continue account of the page of the p				
5,000 equity shares of USD 100 each			500,000	500,000
issued, subscribed and fully paid-up				
500 equity shares of USD 100 each			50,000	F0 000
		1	30,000	50,000
(i) Reconciliation of the shares outstanding at the end of the repo				
Equity shares		2040		
	31 March No.	USD (12019)	31 March No.	
At the beginning of the year/period	500	50,000	140.	USD
Issued during the year/period		•		
			500	50.000
	500	50,000	500 500	50,000 50,000
At the end of the year/period	500	50,000		
At the end of the year/period (ii) Terms/ rights attached to equity shares			500	50,000
At the end of the year/period (ii) Terms/ rights attached to equity shares			500	50,000
At the end of the year/period (ii) Terms/ rights attached to equity shares The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value	e of USD 100 per share. Each		500	50,000
At the end of the year/period (ii) Terms/ rights attached to equity shares The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value	e of USD 100 per share. Each	holder of equity shar	500 es is entitled to one vo	50,000 te per share.
At the end of the year/period (ii) Terms/ rights attached to equity shares The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value (iii) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Co	e of USD 100 per share. Each	holder of equity shar	500	50,000 te per share. 2018
At the end of the year/period (ii) Terms/ rights attached to equity shares The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value (iii) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Co Equity shares of USD 100 each fully paid	of USD 100 per share. Each mpany 31 March No.	holder of equity shar 2019 % holding	500 es is entitled to one vo 31 March	50,000 te per share.
At the end of the year/period (ii) Terms/ rights attached to equity shares The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value (iii) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Co Equity shares of USD 100 each fully paid Syngene International Limited, the holding company	of USD 100 per share. Each mpany 31 March No.	holder of equity shar 2019 % holding 100%	es is entitled to one vo	50,000 te per share. 2018 % holding
At the end of the year/period (ii) Terms/ rights attached to equity shares The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value (iii) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Co Equity shares of USD 100 each fully paid Syngene International Limited, the holding company As per records of the Company, including its register of shareholde	of USD 100 per share. Each mpany 31 March No.	holder of equity shar 2019 % holding 100%	es is entitled to one vo	50,000 te per share. 2018 % holding
At the end of the year/period (ii) Terms/ rights attached to equity shares The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value (iii) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Co Equity shares of USD 100 each fully paid Syngene International Limited, the holding company As per records of the Company, including its register of shareholde	of USD 100 per share. Each mpany 31 March No.	holder of equity shar 2019 % holding 100%	es is entitled to one vo	50,000 te per share. 2018 % holding
At the end of the year/period (ii) Terms/ rights attached to equity shares The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value (iii) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Co Equity shares of USD 100 each fully paid Syngene International Limited, the holding company As per records of the Company, including its register of shareholde shares.	of USD 100 per share. Each mpany 31 March No.	holder of equity shar 2019 % holding 100%	es is entitled to one vo	50,000 te per share. 2018 % holding
At the end of the year/period (ii) Terms/ rights attached to equity shares The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value (iii) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Co Equity shares of USD 100 each fully paid Syngene International Limited, the holding company As per records of the Company, including its register of shareholde shares.	of USD 100 per share. Each mpany 31 March No.	holder of equity shar 2019 % holding 100%	es is entitled to one vo	50,000 te per share. 2018 % holding
At the end of the year/period (ii) Terms/ rights attached to equity shares The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value (iii) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Co Equity shares of USD 100 each fully paid Eyngene International Limited, the holding company As per records of the Company, including its register of shareholde shares. 7. Other equity Retained earnings	e of USD 100 per share. Each mpany 31 March No. 500 rs/ members, the above share.	holder of equity shar 2019 % holding 100%	es is entitled to one vo	50,000 te per share. 2018 % holding
At the end of the year/period (ii) Terms/ rights attached to equity shares The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value (iii) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Co Equity shares of USD 100 each fully paid Eyngene International Limited, the holding company As per records of the Company, including its register of shareholde shares. 7. Other equity Retained earnings	e of USD 100 per share. Each mpany 31 March No. 500 rs/ members, the above share.	holder of equity shar 2019 % holding 100%	500 es is entitled to one vo 31 March No. 500 both legal and benefi	50,000 te per share, 2018 % holding 100% cial ownerships of
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At the end of the year/period (ii) Terms/ rights attached to equity shares The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value (iii) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Co Equity shares of USD 100 each fully paid Syngene International Limited, the holding company As per records of the Company, including its register of shareholde shares. 7. Other equity Retained earnings The amount that can be distributed by the Company as dividends to	e of USD 100 per share. Each mpany 31 March No. 500 rs/ members, the above share.	holder of equity shar 2019 % holding 100%	500 es is entitled to one vo 31 March No. 500 both legal and benefi	50,000 te per share. 2018 % holding 100% cial ownerships of
At the end of the year/period (ii) Terms/ rights attached to equity shares The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value (iii) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Co Equity shares of USD 100 each fully paid Syngene International Limited, the holding company As per records of the Company, including its register of shareholde shares. 7. Other equity Retained earnings The amount that can be distributed by the Company as dividends to 3. Trade payables Trade payables	e of USD 100 per share. Each mpany 31 March No. 500 ers/ members, the above share.	holder of equity shar 2019 % holding 100% reholding represents	500 es is entitled to one vo 31 March No. 500 both legal and benefi 31 March 2019 46,514 46,514	50,000 te per share. 2018 % holding 100% cial ownerships of
At the end of the year/period (ii) Terms/ rights attached to equity shares The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value (iii) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Co Equity shares of USD 100 each fully paid Expressed international Limited, the holding company As per records of the Company, including its register of shareholde shares. 7. Other equity Retained earnings The amount that can be distributed by the Company as dividends to 5. Trade payables Trade payables Trade payables are 'current'. The Company's exposure to liquidity	e of USD 100 per share. Each mpany 31 March No. 500 ers/ members, the above share.	holder of equity shar 2019 % holding 100% reholding represents	500 es is entitled to one vo 31 March No. 500 both legal and benefi 31 March 2019 46,514 46,514	50,000 te per share. 2018 % holding 100% cial ownerships of 31 March 2018 70,950
At the end of the year/period (ii) Terms/ rights attached to equity shares The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value (iii) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Co Equity shares of USD 100 each fully paid Express en International Limited, the holding company As per records of the Company, including its register of shareholde shares. 7. Other equity Retained earnings The amount that can be distributed by the Company as dividends to 5. Trade payables Trade payables Trade payables are 'current'. The Company's exposure to liquidity Other current liabilities	e of USD 100 per share. Each mpany 31 March No. 500 ers/ members, the above share.	holder of equity shar 2019 % holding 100% reholding represents	500 es is entitled to one vo 31 March No. 500 both legal and benefi 31 March 2019 46,514 46,514	50,000 te per share. 2018 % holding 100% cial ownerships of
At the end of the year/period (ii) Terms/ rights attached to equity shares The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value (iii) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Co Equity shares of USD 100 each fully paid	e of USD 100 per share. Each mpany 31 March No. 500 ers/ members, the above share.	holder of equity shar 2019 % holding 100% reholding represents	500 es is entitled to one vo 31 March No. 500 both legal and benefi 31 March 2019 46,514 46,514	50,000 te per share. 2018 % holding 100% cial ownerships of 31 March 2018 70,950





Notes to financials statements for the year ended 31 March 2019

(All amounts are in US Dollars, except share data and per share data, unless otherwise stated)

	Year ended 31 March 2019	For the period 24 August 2017 to 31 March 2018
10. Revenue from operations		
Sale of services		
2916 Of SELAICES	1,440,197	580,667
	1,440,197	580,667
10.1 Disaggregated revenue information		
Set out below is the disaggregation of revenue:		
		Year ended
Revenues from Sale of services by geography		31 March 2019
India		
india -		1,440,197
		1,440,197
Congraphical revenue is all the state of the		

Geographical revenue is allocated based on the location of the customers.

10.2 Contract balances

Trade receivables [refer note (i) below] Contract assets [refer note (ii) below] Contract liabilities [refer note (iii) below]

Notes

- (i) Trade receivables are non-interest bearing.
- (ii) The Company does not have contract assets as at 31 March 2019.
- (iii) Contract liabilities include advances from customers and deferred revenues.

10.3 Performance obligation:

In relation to information about the Company's performance obligations in contracts with customers refer note 2(c).

10.4 Effects on adoption of Ind AS 115

Revenues from Contracts with Customers establishes a five-step approach to revenue recognition that includes identifying contracts with customers, identifying performance obligations, determining transaction prices, allocating transaction prices to performance obligations, and recognising revenue when or as performance obligations are satisfied. The adoption of this Standard did not have a impact on the Revenue from operations and statement of profit and loss for the year ended 31 March 2019. Comparative periods were not restated given the Company adopted the standard using the cumulative effect approach.

11. Employee benefits expense

1,005,339 345,153 77,647 80,750
1,082,986 425,903
9,907 2.906
120,198 91,422
290
3,664 _
8,568 360
226,285 101,976
120,198 91,4 290 - 3,664 - 8,568 3





Notes to financials statements for the year ended 31 March 2019

(All amounts are in US Dollars, except share data and per share data, unless otherwise stated)

13. Related party transactions

Related parties where control exists and related parties with whom transactions have taken place during the year are listed below:

Si No	Name of the colors to			<u>Transaction value</u>				œ as at
31140	il No Name of the related party Relationship Description of transaction/ Balance		for the year ended 31 March 2019	for the period 24 August 2017 to 31 March 2018	31 March 2019	31 March 2018		
				Expenses / (Income)	Expenses / (Income)	Payable / (Receivable)	Payable / (Receivable)	
(a)	Syngene International Limited	Holding Company	Sale of services	(1,440,197)	(580,667)	•	· -	
			Trade receivables	•	=	•	(39,574)	
			Other financial assets	-	-	(35,966)		

Notes:

- (i) The Company has entered into an arrangement with Syngene International Limited, India to provide marketing and business development support services in United States of America and other Global markets.
- (ii) The above disclosures include related parties as per IND-AS 24 on "Related Party Disclosures".
- (iii) All transactions with these related parties are priced on an arm's length basis and none of the balances are secured.



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Notes to financials statements for the year ended 31 March 2019

(All amounts are in US Dollars, except share data and per share data, unless otherwise stated)

14. Financial instruments : Fair value and risk managements

A. Accounting classification and fair values

31 March 2019			arrying amount			Fair	value	
51 Majch 2015	FVTPL	FVTOC	Amortised Cost	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets			······································					
Cash and cash equivalents	=	-	197,232	197,232				
Other financial assets	-	-	35,966	35,966	-	•	-	
_	<u> </u>	-	233,198	233,198				
Financial liabilities						-		
Trade payables			46,514	46,514	-	_	- · .	
			46,514	46,514	-	-		
31 March 2018	E CERL					······································	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Amortised Cost	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets								
Trade receivables	-		39,574	39,574				
Cash and cash equivalents			141,893	141,893	-	-	-	
		-	181,467	181,467			- <u> </u>	
Financial liabilities								
Trade payables			70,950	70,950	_	_	_	
		_	70,950	70,950				

B. Financial risk management

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks : credit risk, market risk and liquidity risk.

(i) Risk management framework

The Company's Board of directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the company's risk management framework.

(ii) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that the counterparty will not meet its obligation under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to financial loss. The credit risk arises principally from its operating activities (primarily trade receivables & unbilled revenue)

The Company's revenue and receivable is entirely from Syngene International Limited, the Holding Company. Accordingly, no credit risk is perceived.

(iii) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset.

The Company believes that the working capital is sufficient to meet its requirements. Accordingly, no liquidity risk is perceived.

The table below details the company's remaining contractual maturity for its financial liabilities as of 31 March 2019:

Particulars			
Trade payables	Less than 1 year	1 - 5 years	Total
Total	46,514	-	46,514
	46,514	-	46,514

The table below details the company's remaining contractual maturity for its financial liabilities as of 31 March 2018:

Particulars			
Trade payables	Less than 1 year	1 - 5 years	Total
Total	70,950	-	70,950
	70,950	•	70,950

(iv) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices.

The Company is not exposed to market risk.

15. Capita! management

The key objective of the Company's capital management is to ensure that it maintains a stable capital structure with the focus on total equity to uphold investor, creditor, and customer confidence and to ensure future development of its business. The Company focused on keeping strong total equity base to ensure independence, security, as well as a high financial flexibility for potential future borrowings, if required without impacting the risk profile of the company.





Notes to financials statements for the year ended 31 March 2019 (All amounts are in US Dollars, except share data and per share data, unless otherwise stated)

16. Tax expense

(a)	Amount recognised in Statement of profit and loss	Year ended 31 March 2019	For the period 24 August 2017 to 31 March 2018
	Current tax	39,475	13,725
	Tax expense for the year	39,475	13,725
(b)	Reconciliation of effective tax rate		· ·
	Profit before tax	130,926	52,788
	Tax at statutory income tax rate 30% (31 March 2018 : 26%)	39,475	13,725
	Tax effects of amounts which are not deductible / (taxable) in calculating taxable income	_	
	Income tax expense	39,475	13,725





Notes to financials statements for the year ended 31 March 2019 (All amounts are in US Dollars, except share data and per share data, unless otherwise stated)

17. Segmental Information

Operating segments

The Company is engaged in a single operating segment of providing marketing and business development services. Accordingly, there are no additional disclosures to be provided Ind AS 108 'Operating Segments' other than those already provided in the financial statements.

Geographical information

The geographical information analyses the Company's revenues by the Company's country of domicile (i.e. USA) and other countries. In presenting the geographical information, revenue has been based on the geographic location of the customers. There are no non-current assets of the Company as at 31 March 2019 .

Marketinand	Year ended 31 March 2019	For the period 24 August 2017 to 31 March 2018
Marketing and business development services	···	
United States of America	_	
Indîa	1,440,197	F00.500
Rest of the World	1,440,197	580,667
Total		
	1,440,197	580,667
Major customer		

The Company's revenue is entirely from Syngene International Limited, the Holding Company.

		*
18. Earnings per share (EPS) Earnings	31 March 2019	31 March 2018
Profit for the year/period	91,451	39,063
Shares		
Weighted average number of shares used for computing basic and diluted EPS	500	500
Earnings per share - Annualised		
Basic (in USD)	182.90	78.13
Diluted (in USD)	182.90	78.13

19. Prior years' comparatives

Previous year's figures have been regrouped / reclassified, where necessary, to conform to current year's classification.

As per our report of even date attached

for BSR & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm registration number: 101248W/W-100022

for and on behalf of the Board of Director

Sampad Guha Thakurta

Partner

Membership number: 060573

Bengaluru

24 April 2019

M.B. Chinappa

Director